UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/522,276	11/15/2005	Ralph Edward Rypkema	102792-411 (11052P3) 8772	
	7590 08/30/200° AUGHLIN & MARCU	EXAMINER		
875 THIRD AV		BOYER, CHARLES I		
18TH FLOOR NEW YORK, NY 10022			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1751	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/30/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

· .		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/522,276	RYPKEMA ET AL			
		Examiner	Art Unit			
	•					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Charles I. Boyer	1751			
Period fo	or Reply					
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DANSIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 02 Ju	ılv 2007.				
,	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
3)	· — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	ion of Claims					
· <u>·</u>	Claim(s) <u>1-3,5,7,9 and 12-20</u> is/are pending in	the application	·			
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>13-20</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
	Claim(s) 1-3, 5, 7, 9, and 12 is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
	•	· •				
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority (	under 35 U.S.C. § 119	· .				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
·	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
		•				
			,			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date  Notice of Informal Patent Application						
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:				

Art Unit: 1751

### **DETAILED ACTION**

This action is responsive to applicants' election and response received July 2, 2007. Claims 1-3, 5, 7, 9, and 12-20 are currently pending with claims 13-20 being withdrawn.

### Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election with traverse of ethanoldiglycine in the reply filed on July 2, 2007 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the examiner had not previously raised the election of species requirement. This is not found persuasive because initially, the chelants presently claimed were only present as a Markush group in a dependent claim, such that the single general inventive concept of the invention did not appear to lie with the chelant. As amended however, the chelants are now in the independent claim, and further, eight new claims have been added claiming separate and distinct chelants, such that the inventive concept of the invention appears now to lie with the chelants. and as many separate chelants are claimed, there is no single general inventive concept. The species lack the same or corresponding special technical features because the selection of one chelant or another will result in completely different compositions, all of which requiring a separate search. Prior art that will anticipate or render obvious one of these composition will not necessarily anticipate or render obvious another one of these compositions.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

All prior art rejections under 35 U.S.C. 102 are withdrawn in view of applicants' election and response.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 5, 7, 9, and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sirianni et al, US 6,613,728.

Sirianni et al teach a hard surface disinfecting composition (see abstract). Suitable disinfectants of the invention include quaternary ammonium germicides (col. 4, lines 64-67) and suitable surfactants of the invention include ethoxylated alcohol nonionic surfactants and amine oxides (col. 6, lines 35-37 and col. 8, lines 1-56). Preferred ingredients of the invention include chelants, such as ethanoldiglycines (col. 10, lines 26-31). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine these preferred ingredients with a reasonable expectation of successfully obtaining an effective disinfecting hard surface composition.

Art Unit: 1751

These disinfectant solutions are packaged in trigger or pump spray dispensers (col. 12, lines 38-44). While the reference does not teach these sprayers in aerosol form, that is, in use with a propellant, first, the examiner maintains that propellants are inert with respect to the composition they are used with and are merely a form of delivery of the composition. Therefore their inclusion cannot render patentable a composition that is taught by the prior art, save for said propellant. Furthermore, as aerosol dispensers are very well known in the art, one of ordinary skill would recognize that aerosol delivery systems are an obvious variant over manually triggered spray dispensers.

3. Claims 1-3, 5, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Caswell et al, US 2003/0104969.

Caswell et al teach a fabric treating composition and method (see abstract). Suitable disinfectants of the invention include quaternary ammonium germicides (¶203) and suitable surfactants of the invention include ethoxylated alcohol nonionic surfactants and amine oxides (¶530 and ¶553). Preferred ingredients of the invention include chelants, such as ethanoldiglycines (¶326) and the compositions may take the form of foams, sprays, and aerosols (¶512). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine these preferred ingredients with a reasonable expectation of successfully obtaining an effective fabric treating composition.

Art Unit: 1751

4. Claims 1-3, 5, 7, and 9 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bettiol et al, US 6,413,920.

Bettiol et al teach a fabric treating composition and method, an example of which comprises a quaternary ammonium germicide and a nonionic surfactant, wherein the composition is suitable for spray-on applications (col. 49, example 6D). Suitable surfactants of the invention include ethoxylated alcohol nonionic surfactants and amine oxides (col. 36, lines 46-67 and col. 37, lines 29-35). Suitable ingredients of the invention include chelants, such as ethanoldiglycines (col. 41, lines 33-40) and the compositions may be dispensed from non-manual powered spray dispensers (col. 43, lines 39-50). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine these preferred ingredients with a reasonable expectation of successfully obtaining an effective fabric treating composition.

### Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory

Application/Control Number: 10/522,276

Art Unit: 1751

period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Charles I. Boyer whose telephone number is 571 272 1311. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Douglas McGinty can be reached on 571 272 1029. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Application/Control Number: 10/522,276

Art Unit: 1751

Page 7

Charles I Boyer Primary Examiner Art Unit 1751